

An Introduction to
Natural Health
treatment breakout
prone skin



OUR SKIN IS MORE THAN JUST A SHELL... IT IS A DIRECT REFLECTION OF OUT INNER ORGANS

What goes on the inside is just as important as the outside

INSIDE ACNE FACTORS

Hormones: such as elevated androgens and/or imbalance of other reproductive hormones

Inflammation: both internally (e.g. gut inflammation), in the diet (e.g.processed vegetable oils) or on the skin (e.g.irritation)

Insulin due to modifiable diet and lifestyle factors i.e. weight, stress and a low fibre/high sugar diet.

Elimination: our skin is one of our eliminatory organs (liver, kidneys, lungs, bowels) and if any of the other ones in the team are compromised, then the skin has to do more of the work.

Nutrition gaps: Low intake of certain nutrients in the daily diet can impact all of the above issues, plus more. (see next page)

Gut health: This can cause many problems that aggravate acne, referred to as the skin-gut-axis **Stress:** appears to play a role in the development of acne. Acne can also cause stress and negetively impact psychological wellbeing.

OUTSIDE ACNE FACTORS

Topical agents: e.g. cosmetics, creams, hair products and cleansers. What goes on your skin can influence sebum (oil) production and lead to pores clogging and acne forming. Best to speak with your skin care specialist to find the right fit for you

Skin microbiome: the balance of the community of bacteria/microbes that live on your skin. If out of balance, certain

bacteria can overgrow and lead to acne.

Irritation & Sweat: from helmets, hats, shirt collars, bra straps and body sweat can all irritate the skin and cause skin inflammation.

Disclaimer:

The advice provided in this worksheet is for informational purposes only. The information presented in this worksheet is based on research, training and professional experience of the practitioner and is true and complete to the best of their knowledge. This information is meant to augment and not replace regular consultation with a qualified health care provider. Consultation with a Naturopath, Nutritionist and primary care provider is strongly recommended anyone suffering from a health problem. For more information about Bridgit www.thenaturalclinic.com.au www.bridgitrougetnaturopath.com

FOOD AND ACNE

Identifying trigger foods

There may be certain foods that make you acne worse or contribute to a breakout (like diary for some people). Your practitioner can help you identify and reduce these.

Reducing consumtion of refined/processed/sweetened foods

these can aggrevate acne in several ways. They can elevate insulin levels, cause inflammation, compromise gut health and lead to an imbalance of omega 6: omega-3 fatty acids. Eating a fresh whole-food diet rich in fruits and vegetables will also act to boost all the nutrients to help you reduce acne lesions.

Increase dietary fibre

This will be easier once you start avoiding processed foods. Choose whole-grains, whole vegetables and fruits (avoid juices) and add some legumes to your diet. An average adult requires minimum 30 grams of fibre each day - and most of us get less than a third of this amount! Increased fibre will assist your gut to staying healthy and happy (fibre acts as pre-biotics & feed your beneficial gut bacteria) while also encouraging regular bowel elimination.

Include some oily fish & seafood

Seafood and oily fish will provide anti- inflammatory omega-3 fatty acids and are also rich in minerals, such as selenium and zinc, which are essential for skin health. Niacin (vitamin B3) is also found in seafood.

Eat a rainbow of different coloured fresh fruits and vegetables each and every day

Getting a good variety of different coloured produce will act to provide you with a variety of different nutreints required for healthy skin, such as vitamin A (beta-carotene), vitamin C and vitamin E. Key nutrients needed for skin health are highlighted in the orange collum

Add small amounts of low allergenic nuts & seeds

like tahini paste (made from

sesame seeds), almonds, walnuts, chia seeds and hemp seeds. These are rich in vitamin E, omega 3, zinc and selenium.



Key Nutrients for the skin and where to get them...

Vitamin C and bioflavonoids

Broccoli, cauliflower, kale, kiwi fruit, papya, lemon, strawberries, cherries, parsley, brussels sprouts, oranges.

Selenium and zinc

Seafood (salmon, tuna, prawns, crab, lobster), brazil nuts (ideally from brazil), brown rice, lentils, grass fed beef, flaxseeds, pumpkin seeds, eggs, dark chocolate

Vitamin E & Omega 3

Avocardo, wheatgerm, sunflower seeds, almonds, salmon, oysters, seaweed, chia seeds, hemp seeds, flax seeds, walnuts

Vitamin A and betacarotene

eggs, salmon, beef liver, sweet potato, carrots, spinach, broccoli

Vitamin B3

Chicken, tuna, salmon, avocado, brown rice, mushrooms, pumpkin

